

WISE INVESTMENT LIMITED - INCOME

Pershing

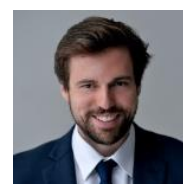
MONTHLY FACTSHEET

all data as at 30th June 2025

PORTFOLIO OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGY

The Wise Income Model Portfolio is designed for clients who are looking for a level of income plus capital growth in line with the MSCI PIMFA Growth index over a 5 to 10-year period. We aim to achieve this by investing in a select and focussed list of funds (unit trusts, investment trusts and OEICs), with diversification across geography, asset class and investment style. These funds invest in real assets, such as company shares (listed both in the UK and overseas), property, fixed interest and cash. The Portfolio aims to provide income of 3.5% or more per year. The Portfolio invests 60-100% in 'medium' risk assets, such as shares and property and can include up to 20% in 'high' risk assets such as shares in specific countries and industries. The Portfolio can also invest up to 40% in 'lower' or 'minimal' risk assets such as higher quality company debt and cash. We therefore consider the portfolio to be suitable for those willing to adopt a medium risk profile.

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT



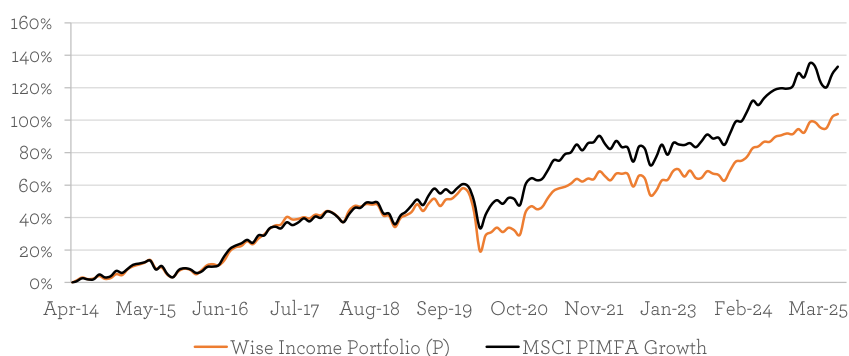
WILLIAM GEFFEN

Head of Investment Management

William joined Wise Investment in November 2023 and has 4 years' experience in managing equity funds. His main responsibility is the selection of suitable investments for portfolios and ensuring our investment service meets your requirements.

William successfully passed all three level of the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) exams gaining the qualification in 2021.

PERFORMANCE SINCE LAUNCH (using month-end data)



Key Portfolio Details

Launch Date	9th April 2014
Holdings	14
Historic Yield ¹	4.2%
Yield Target	3.5%+
Volatility ²	7.8%
Benchmark	MSCI PIMFA Growth
Model OCF ³	0.7%
Service Charge ⁴	2.0%

CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE

	1m	3m	6m	1yr	3yr	5yr	Launch
Wise Income Portfolio (P)	0.9%	4.4%	6.0%	9.2%	28.1%	52.3%	103.9%
MSCI PIMFA Growth	2.0%	4.5%	2.9%	7.5%	33.5%	54.6%	133.0%

DISCRETE ANNUAL PERFORMANCE

	30/06/2024	30/06/2023	30/06/2022	30/06/2021	30/06/2020
	30/06/2025	30/06/2024	30/06/2023	30/06/2022	30/06/2021
Wise Income Portfolio (P)	9.2%	13.5%	3.4%	0.1%	18.8%
MSCI PIMFAGrowth	7.5%	16.0%	7.1%	-2.6%	18.8%

Contact Details

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All data used on this factsheet is supplied by Financial Express. Rounding may result in charts and tables not adding up to 100% in displayed data. Performance is based on total returns on a bid-to-bid basis, net of UK dividend tax credits and is calculated referencing a model portfolio. Actual portfolio statistics may differ because of investment performance, cash movements, transaction costs and the timing of sales and purchases within the portfolio. Quoted performance does not include fees levied by Wise Investments Ltd or any fees from custodial services. Service fees will apply. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. This document should not be construed as an investment recommendation.

¹ The Historic Yield is the weighted average yield of the model based on the model's current constituents

² Volatility is the annualised monthly volatility of the model portfolio to the most recent month end over a 3 year period or since launch if this period is less than 3 years

³ The Model OCF calculates the annual charges levied by the underlying fund holdings according to the model portfolio weights

⁴ The Service Fee incorporates the model OCF, the standard non-tiered annual fees levied by Wise Investments Limited and custodian fees, of which this is the highest possible fee. Further details of these charges are disclosed to clients investing in the model portfolios.



MONTHLY COMMENTARY

June saw another good month for investors, drawing the first half of the year to a close with many markets near all time highs despite the volatility seen earlier in the year.

In equity markets, the US continued its steady recovery from the April lows post “Liberation Day”, with talk of tariffs and business uncertainty increasingly in the rear-view mirror. This drove the US market up 3.4% in sterling terms, pulling the world index (which is ~70% US driven) up 2.7%.

Other equity markets rose, but lagged the US, with Europe up 0.6%, and the UK and Japan up just 0.3% and 0.1% respectively. Emerging markets saw the largest jump from a thawing in trade relations, returning 4.3%.

In fixed income, markets were similarly buoyant, with Gilts returning 1.6% and corporate bonds returning 1.8% as the yield curve steadied earlier in the month. High Yield bonds returned 1.2%, behind corporate bonds as they benefited less from the drop in the yield curve.

Finally, in real estate, directly held property rose 0.4% while the listed liquid real estate rose 1.1% as lower yields fed hopes of lower borrowing costs for buyers.

Looking forward some uncertainty persists regarding US tariff policy. The 90 day pause deadline is fast approaching and sizeable extra tariffs could be imposed on the likes of Japan and Europe, stifling economic growth. Simultaneously, while headline US inflation came in fairly low as expected, under the hood there are some warning signs. While services, digital goods and travel costs dropped, physical goods like clothes and electronics, i.e imports, rose, suggesting early signs of businesses passing tariff costs through to end consumers - a trend that could push inflation, hamper growth and force the US Federal Reserve to further postpone hotly anticipated rate cuts.

Meanwhile the US and UK governments both seem to be unable to bring spending under control. In the US, the Big Beautiful Bill, full of tax cuts and spending, passed through both the House and Senate and is now in full force, pushing government spending further despite the much vaunted DOGE cuts. In the UK, a rebellion within the labour party stifled attempts to bring the benefits bill under control, pushing the Chancellor to the verge of breaching her own “fiscal rules” and making both further taxes and borrowing almost inevitable. This puts a deal of stress on bond markets, and while it is unlikely to create a sudden shock like we saw with the Lizz Truss budget in late 2022, it will put steady upwards pressure on bond yields.

The Income model returned 0.9%, behind the 2.0% return for the benchmark (PIMFA Growth).

This return was largely driven by a slight lag in the Global Equity position, with the likes of the BNY Mellon Global Income fund and the Evenlode Global Income fund returning just 0.4% and -1.6% respectively. Our bond funds were also fairly flat vs the benchmark with the likes of the Vontobel TwentyFour Absolute Return Credit fund returning 0.8% due to its lower duration (and lower volatility) profile - while longer-dated bonds outperformed. Two notable outperformers were the Teviot UK Smaller Companies Fund returning 4.7% and the Artemis SmartGARP Emerging Markets Fund returning 4.5%, both outperforming in strong markets.

We made no changes to the portfolio in June, and we continue to favour a strategy of strong core global equity exposure moderated by higher quality and shorter-dated bonds in the fixed income portion of the portfolio.

However, in terms of tactical positioning, we have a solid position in the JOHCM UK Equity Income fund to capture the substantial discount we see in the traditional “deep value” parts of the UK market, and a 5% position in the Teviot UK Smaller Companies Fund to take advantage of the attractive valuations and dynamics of that part of the domestic market - an area where other larger institutional investors are unable to access due to liquidity constraints.

We also have a small 5% exposure to emerging markets through the impressive Artemis SmartGARP Global Emerging Markets fund to capture the extreme discount emerging markets currently trade at compared to developed market equities.

Additionally, we retain positions in the CT Property fund and BNY Mellon Infrastructure Income fund, as we continue to see value in these down beaten asset classes as shown by the large net asset value discounts in listed real estate trusts and infrastructure companies.

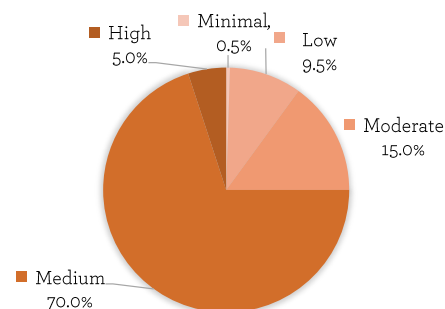
The income model remains ahead of its benchmark on a 1yr basis, returning 9.2% (vs 7.5% for the MSCI PIMFA Growth benchmark). It is worth noting that this return has been achieved with significantly lower volatility than the benchmark, protecting investors from excessive price movements and maintaining their income-earning power.

HOLDINGS

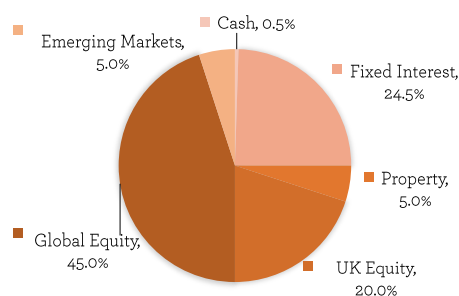
Name	Weight	OCF
WS Evenlode Global Income	15.0%	0.54%
TwentyFour Asset Backed Opportunities	10.0%	0.71%
JOHCM UK Equity Income	10.0%	0.67%
BNY Mellon Global Income	10.0%	0.81%
BNY Mellon Global Infrastructure Income	10.0%	0.53%
Guinness Global Equity Income	10.0%	0.79%
TwentyFour Absolute Return Credit	5.0%	0.35%
Man Dynamic Income	5.0%	0.81%
VT Teviot UK Smaller Companies	5.0%	0.88%
Invesco UK Enhanced Index	5.0%	0.23%
CT Property Growth & Income	5.0%	1.11%
Artemis Global Emerging Markets	5.0%	0.86%
L&G All Stocks Gilt Index Trust	4.5%	0.15%
Cash	0.5%	0.00%

ASSET RISK

For Asset Risk Category definitions see the Wise Investment Risk Appendix, supplied to investors in the model portfolios.



ASSET ALLOCATION



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Portfolio returns from the Wise Investment Model Portfolio Service will be subject to investment market fluctuations and there is no guarantee that the portfolio objectives, including any income targets, will be achieved. Where income is received as dividends, these will be automatically reinvested in the Model Portfolio, which may result in the Model Portfolio returns being higher than what a client portfolio can actually achieve. The performance will be reduced by the withdrawal of income and the impact of the ongoing charges and portfolio transaction costs. The charges can vary. Prices of funds and the income from them may fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Consequently, an investment into this portfolio should be considered for a 5 to 10 year period. The funds may invest in higher-yielding or non-investment grade bonds. The funds may hold investments denominated in currencies other than sterling. Changes in exchange rates will cause the value of these investments and the income from them to rise or fall. The funds can use derivatives for investment purposes. These instruments can be more volatile than investment in equities or bonds. Every effort is taken to ensure the accuracy of the data used in this document, but no warranties are given. Wise Investment has expressed its own views and these may change. The data contained in this document has been sourced by Wise Investment and should be independently verified before further publication or use. Wise Investment is a trading brand of Wise Investments Ltd. Wise Investments Ltd is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Ref no. 230553.

